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| APPLICATION NO. | FILING DATE | FIRST NAMED INVENTOR | ATTORNEY DOCKET NO. | CONFIRMATION NO. |
|---|-------------------------------|----------------------|---------------------|------------------|
| 10/562,802 | 11/15/2006 | Rolf Cremerius | 66969-0003 | 6136 |
| 84362 GKN Driveline | 7590 07/12/201 /TTG | 0 | EXAMINER | |
| c/o Kristin L. Murphy 39533 Woodward Avenue, suite 140 | | | JENNISON, BRIAN W | |
| Bloomfield Hill | • | | ART UNIT | PAPER NUMBER |
| | | | 3742 | |
| | | | | |
| | | | MAIL DATE | DELIVERY MODE |
| | | | 07/12/2010 | PAPER |

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

The time period for reply, if any, is set in the attached communication.

| | Application No. | Applicant(s) | | | | |
|--|---|---|---|--|--|--|
| Office Action Comment | 10/562,802 | CREMERIUS ET AL. | | | | |
| Office Action Summary | Examiner | Art Unit | | | | |
| | BRIAN JENNISON | 3742 | | | | |
| The MAILING DATE of this communication app Period for Reply | ears on the cover sheet with the c | rrespondence address | | | | |
| A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REPLY WHICHEVER IS LONGER, FROM THE MAILING DA - Extensions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR 1.13 after SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication. - If NO period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period w - Failure to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by statute, Any reply received by the Office later than three months after the mailing earned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b). | ATE OF THIS COMMUNICATION 16(a). In no event, however, may a reply be tim 11 apply and will expire SIX (6) MONTHS from 12 cause the application to become ABANDONEI | l. ely filed he mailing date of this communication. D (35 U.S.C. § 133). | | | | |
| Status | | | | | | |
| 1) Responsive to communication(s) filed on 29 De | ecember 2009 | | | | | |
| | action is non-final. | | | | | |
| 3) Since this application is in condition for allowar | | secution as to the merits is | | | | |
| closed in accordance with the practice under E | | | | | | |
| olooca in addordance with the practice and i | x parte gadyle, 1000 O.B. 11, 40 | 0.0.210. | | | | |
| Disposition of Claims | | | | | | |
| 4)⊠ Claim(s) <u>2,14,16,18 and 20-30</u> is/are pending i | n the application. | | | | | |
| 4a) Of the above claim(s) is/are withdray | vn from consideration. | | | | | |
| 5) Claim(s) is/are allowed. | | | | | | |
| 6)⊠ Claim(s) <u>2,14, 16, 18 and 20-30</u> is/are rejected | | | | | | |
| 7) Claim(s) is/are objected to. | | | | | | |
| • | | | | | | |
| Application Papers | | | | | | |
| 9) The specification is objected to by the Examine | • | | | | | |
| 10) The drawing(s) filed on is/are: a) accepted or b) objected to by the Examiner. | | | | | | |
| | • • | | | | | |
| | Applicant may not request that any objection to the drawing(s) be held in abeyance. See 37 CFR 1.85(a). Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the correction is required if the drawing(s) is objected to. See 37 CFR 1.121(d). | | | | | |
| 11) The oath or declaration is objected to by the Ex | | | • | | | |
| TT) The oath of declaration is objected to by the Ex | animer. Note the attached Office | Action of form F 10-132. | | | | |
| Priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119 | | | | | | |
| 12) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign a) All b) Some * c) None of: 1. Certified copies of the priority documents 2. Certified copies of the priority documents 3. Copies of the certified copies of the prior application from the International Bureau * See the attached detailed Office action for a list of the certified copies of the prior application from the International Bureau | s have been received. s have been received in Application ity documents have been received (PCT Rule 17.2(a)). | on No d in this National Stage | | | | |
| Attachment(s) 1) Notice of References Cited (PTO-892) 2) Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948) 3) Information Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO/SB/08) Paper No(s)/Mail Date | 4) Interview Summary Paper No(s)/Mail Da 5) Notice of Informal Pa | te | | | | |

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Continued Examination Under 37 CFR 1.114

1. A request for continued examination under 37 CFR 1.114, including the fee set forth in 37 CFR 1.17(e), was filed in this application after final rejection. Since this application is eligible for continued examination under 37 CFR 1.114, and the fee set forth in 37 CFR 1.17(e) has been timely paid, the finality of the previous Office action has been withdrawn pursuant to 37 CFR 1.114. Applicant's submission filed on 12/29/2009 has been entered.

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

- 2. The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:
 - (a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.
- 3. Claims 2, 14, 16, and 18-26 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Clarke et al (US 5,211,327) in view of Brenner et al (US 6,365,866) and Araki et al (US 4,020,312).

Clarke discloses regarding claim 2 a process for joining components for torque transmission in a vehicle, the components being_made from hardenable steel and having a material thickness, (A method for welding hardenable steel which can be components in a torque transmission. See Col. 2, Line 35 and Fig. 2 for material thickness at 26) by producing a weld seam without secondary heating, (no preheating or

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secondary heating is needed. See Column 4, Lines 46-51) comprising: positioning a welding electrode with respect to a weld line; applying a voltage; supplying a plasma gas; forming an arc; and (A plasma arc, using a plasma gas, is formed after an electrode is positioned and a voltage is applied. See Column 1, Lines 20-23) melting the steel in the vicinity of the weld line over the entire material thickness. (Melting occurs in the vicinity of the weld line. See Column 1, Lines 24-28.) An energy per unit length of a 4.5kW power beam is 196 J/mm at 1.4m/min as stated by applicant in the reply filed 6/3/2009, meaning 1kW/mm = 43.55 J/mm. Fig 4 shows the steel being melted to slot 126 which covers the entire thickness of the material. Clarke fails to teach regarding claim 2, energy per unit length is 234 J/mm to 3360 J/mm and the steel thickness being 2.0 mm to 10.0 mm. Brenner teaches regarding claim 2, the parts have a 3.0 mm thickness(See Column 4, Lines 1-5). Araki et al teaches regarding claim 2, a welding current of 1500A and an arc voltage 36V for a power of 54kW at 300mm – 1500mm per minute for an energy per unit length of 2351.7 J/mm at 1.4m/min. (P=IV and 54kW*43.55J/mm) See Column 22, lines 40-45. It would have been obvious to adapt Clarke in view of Brenner and Araki to provide the welding energy and the material thickness since it has been held that where the general conditions of a claim are disclosed in the prior art, discovering the optimum or working ranges involves only routine skill in the art. (In re Aller, 105 USPQ 233.) Clarke discloses regarding claim 14, Fig 4 shows the weld joint to be a single layer design. Clarke discloses regarding claim 16, a butt seam may be welded in the metal. See Column 1, Lines 55-57. Clarke disclose regarding claim 18, Welding was performed at a rate of 1.4m/minute, which is

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at least 0.2 m/min. Clarke disclose regarding claim 20, The weld seam 114 shown in Fig. 3. is a radial circumferential seam, around the gear 112. Clarke disclose regarding claim 21 as best understood, Clarke disclose regarding claims 22-23, The weld seam is made between a gear 112 and a shaft 116 (See Column 8, Lines 60-65) which are included in the parts of a torque transmission welded by the method involving no secondary heating, (See Column 4, Lines 46-51) when a plasma arc is formed after an electrode is positioned and a voltage is applied. (See Column 1, Lines 20-23) Melting occurs in the vicinity of the weld line. (See Column 1, Lines 24-28.) Clarke discloses regarding claim 24, Cracks in the weld seam are inhibited from forming in the hardenable steel pieces. See Column 3, Lines 27-31. Clarke discloses regarding claim 25, Cracks in the weld seam are inhibited from forming in the hardenable steel pieces. See Column 3, Lines 27-31. Clarke fails to disclose regarding claim 26, a join comprising ductility in the range from 250HV to 650HV. Brenner discloses regarding claim 26, the welding seam has an average hardness of 280HV. See Column 4, Lines 55-68. It would have been obvious to adapt modified Clarke in view of Brenner to provide the ductility of 280HV for inhibiting cracks in the weld.

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4. Claims 27-30 as best understood are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Clarke et al (US 5,211,327) as modified by Brenner et al (US 6,365,866) and Araki et al (US 4,020,312) and in further view of Kehrer (US 2004/0136776).

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The teachings of Clarke as modified by Brenner and Araki have been discussed above. Clarke as modified by Brenner and Araki fails to disclose regarding claims 27 and 28 a vehicle comprising an engine with a drive system, wherein the drive system includes components for torque transmission, and at least two components have been welded to one another by a process according to Claim 2, 18. Clarke as modified by Brenner and Araki fails to disclose regarding claims regarding claims 29, 30, a vehicle comprising at least two components made form hardenable steel and connected by a join comprising a weld seam produced by a process according to Claim 2, 18. Kehrer discloses regarding claims 27-30, Paragraph [0002] states the parts being welded may be part of a vehicle such as a transmission with two parts being welded together. Paragraph [0011] discloses these parts made from hardenable steel may be joined by plasma welding. It would have been obvious to adapt modified Clarke in view of Kehrer to provide the two components joined by a plasma welding process since Kehrer discloses that two hardenable steel parts of a vehicle or transmission may be welded using a plasma welding process for improved thermal and metallurgical properties of the weld seam.

Response to Arguments

5. Applicant's arguments with respect to claims 2, 14, 16, 18 and 20-30 have been considered but are most in view of the new ground(s) of rejection.

The energy per unit length is addressed in the new rejection by Araki et al. An energy per unit length of 196 J/mm as stated by applicant meaning 1kW/mm = 42.66 J/mm.

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Araki et al teaches a welding current of 1500A and an arc voltage 36V for a power of 54kW for an energy per unit length of 1265 J/mm. Regarding applicant's arguments on page 7 of the reply, Fig 4 shows the steel being melted to slot 126 which covers the entire thickness of the material. Regarding applicant's arguments of the preheat cycle, the preheat is performed before the actual plasma arc welding therefore no secondary heating is performed since heating does not occur after the arc welding process.

6. In response to applicant's arguments against the references individually, one cannot show nonobviousness by attacking references individually where the rejections are based on combinations of references. See *In re Keller*, 642 F.2d 413, 208 USPQ 871 (CCPA 1981); *In re Merck & Co.*, 800 F.2d 1091, 231 USPQ 375 (Fed. Cir. 1986).

Conclusion

Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to BRIAN JENNISON whose telephone number is (571)270-5930. The examiner can normally be reached on M-Th 9:00AM-5:00PM.

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Tu Hoang can be reached on 571-272-4780. The fax phone number for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is 571-273-8300.

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Information regarding the status of an application may be obtained from the Patent Application Information Retrieval (PAIR) system. Status information for published applications may be obtained from either Private PAIR or Public PAIR. Status information for unpublished applications is available through Private PAIR only. For more information about the PAIR system, see http://pair-direct.uspto.gov. Should you have questions on access to the Private PAIR system, contact the Electronic Business Center (EBC) at 866-217-9197 (toll-free). If you would like assistance from a USPTO Customer Service Representative or access to the automated information system, call 800-786-9199 (IN USA OR CANADA) or 571-272-1000.

/BRIAN JENNISON/ Examiner, Art Unit 3742

6/28/2010 /TU B HOANG/ Supervisory Patent Examiner, Art Unit 3742